



Arc Module SU pH

Modbus RTU Programmer's Manual

Firmware version:
EPHUM070

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1 Modbus RTU general information

1.1 Introduction

This document describes in detail the Arc Modules Modbus RTU interface. It is addressed to software programmers.

The general information about Modbus command structures and its implementation in the Hamilton Arc product family is described in detail in Chapter 1 of the

“VisiFerm DO Modbus RTU Programmer’s Manual” (Ref 624179).

If you need this general information about Modbus programming, then please consult Ref 624179.

In the present manual, only the specific command structure for the Arc Module SU pH or in short Arc Module is described. It is valid beginning with firmware version:

EPHUM070

Please check the firmware version by reading register 1032.

This present definition of the command structure is an additional document to the Operating Instructions of the specific Arc Modules. Before reading this manual, the operating instructions of the Arc Module should be read and understood.

2 Arc Module Commands in Modbus RTU

2.1 General

In order to communicate with an Arc Module SU pH over Modbus RTU protocol a Modbus master terminal application software is needed. The Modbus RTU is an open standard and a number of free and commercial application toolkits are available.

This manual contains examples and illustrations from WinTECH Modbus Master ActiveX Control tool: WinTECH (www.win-tech.com) "Modbus Master OCX for Visual Basic". The Modbus Organisation (www.modbus.org/tech.php) provides other links to a wide variety of Modbus terminal software.

In the present manual the addressing of the Modbus registers starts at 1. But the Modbus master protocol operates with register addresses starting at 0. Usually, the Modbus master software translates the addressing. Thus, the register address of 2090 will be translated by the Modbus master software to 2089 which is sent to the Arc Module (Modbus slave).



Attention:

When configuring and calibrating the Arc Module, please limit write operations to a reasonable number. More than 100'000 write operations will physically damage the memory of the Arc Module. Furthermore, for the Free User Memory Space (see chapter 2.9.4), the write operations are limited to 10'000.

2.2 Operator levels and Passwords

2.2.1 Reading / Setting Operator Level

An Arc Module can be operated in three different operator levels. Each operator level allows a defined access to a specific set of commands.

Abbreviation	Description	Code (hex)	Password (decimal)
U	User (lowest level)	0x03	0
A	Administrator	0x0C	18111978
S	Specialist	0x30	16021966

Figure 2.2.1.1: Definition of operator level and default passwords

At each power up or processor reset, the operator level falls back to the default level U.

The active operator level can be read and written in register 4288.

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
4288	4	Operator Level	Password	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	U/A/S

Figure 2.2.1.2: Definition of register 4288.

Command: Active operator level		Modbus address: 4288		Length: 4	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Operator level	Password				
Format:	hex	decimal				
Value:	0x03	0				

Figure 2.2.1.3: Example to read the active operator level (function code 3, start register address 4288, number of registers 4): The active operator level is 0x03 (User). The Arc Module does not report the password. The value 0 is returned instead.

Command: Operator level		Modbus address: 4288		Length: 4	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Operator level	Password				
Format:	Hex	decimal				
Value:	0x30	0				

Figure 2.2.1.4: Example to read the active operator level: the active level is 0x30 (Specialist). The Arc Module does not report the password. The value 0 is returned instead.

Command: Operator level		Modbus address: 4288		Length: 4	Type: 16	Write
Parameter:	Operator level	Password				
Format:	Hex	decimal				
Value:	0x03	0				

Figure 2.2.1.5: Example to set the operator level to 0x03 (User). The password 0 has to be sent.

Command: Operator level		Modbus address: 4288		Length: 4	Type: 16	Write
Parameter:	Operator level	Password				
Format:	Hex	decimal				
Value:	0x0C	18111978				

Figure 2.2.1.6: Example to set the active operator level to 0xC (Administrator). The correct password has to be sent.

Command: Operator level		Modbus address: 4288		Length: 4	Type: 16	Write
Parameter:	Operator level	Password				
Format:	Hex	decimal				
Value:	0x0B	18111978				

Figure 2.2.1.7: Example for a Modbus error. If the level or the password is not correct, (Operator level = 0x0B), the Arc Module answers with a Modbus error message "Slave device exception response" (see chapter 1.6, "VisiFerm DO Modbus RTU Programmer's Manual" (Ref 624179)).

2.2.2 Changing Passwords for Operator Level

The passwords for accessing the operator levels A and S can be modified by S (Specialist) only. U (User) and A (Administrator) have no right to change any password. The new password will remain stored after power down.

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
4292	4	Level	New password	16	None	S

Figure 2.2.2.1: Definition of register 4292.

Command: Password		Modbus address: 4292		Length: 4	Type: 16	Write
Parameter:	Operator level	Pass number				
Format:	Hex	Decimal				
Value:	0x30	12345678				

Figure 2.2.2.2: Example to set the Password of operator level S (code 0x30) to 12345678.

2.3 Configuration of the serial RS485 Interface

Factory settings of the RS485:

Parity is none, 1 start bit, 8 data bits, 2 stop bits (in total: 11 bits).

2.3.1 Device Address

2.3.1.1 Reading and Writing the Device Address

The Arc Module specific device address can be read and written in register 4096.

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
4096	2	device address	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	S

Figure 2.3.1.1.1: Definition of register 4096.

Command: Com address		Modbus address: 4096		Length: 2	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Modbus address					
Format:	Decimal					
Value:	1					

Figure 2.3.1.1.2: Example to read the device address.

The device address can be set by S (Specialist), default value is 1.

Command: Com address		Modbus address: 4096		Length: 2	Type: 16	Write
Parameter:	Modbus address					
Format:	Decimal					
Value:	3					

Figure 2.3.1.1.3: Example to set the device address to 3.

2.3.1.2 Reading the Device Address Limits

The device address limits can be read in register 4098.

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
4098	4	Min. device address	Max. device address	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.3.1.2.1: Definition of register 4098.

Command: Com address limits		Modbus address: 4098		Length: 4	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Min value	Max value				
Format:	Decimal	Decimal				
Value:	1	32				

Figure 2.3.1.2.2: Example to read the device address limits: Min = 1, Max = 32.

2.3.2 Baud Rate

2.3.2.1 Reading and Writing the Baud Rate

The baud rate can be read and written in register 4102.

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
4102	2	Baud rate code (definition see below)	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	S

Figure 2.3.2.1.1: Definition of register 4102.

The code for the baud rate is defined as follows:

Baud rate	4800	9600	19200	38400	57600	115200
Code	2	3	4	5	6	7

Figure 2.3.2.1.2: Code for the baud rates.

Command: Com baud rate	Modbus address: 4102	Length: 2	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Baud rate code			
Format:	Decimal			
Value:	4			

Figure 2.3.2.1.3: Example to read the baud rate code, 4 corresponds 19200 baud.

The baud rate can be set by S (Specialist), default is 19200.

Command: Com baud rate	Modbus address: 4102	Length: 2	Type: 16	Write
Parameter:	Baud rate code			
Format:	Decimal			
Value:	5			

Figure 2.3.2.1.4: Example to set the baud rate to 38400 baud with code 5.

2.3.2.2 Reading the Baud Rate Limits

The baud rate limits can be read in register 4104.

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
4104	4	Min. Baud rate code	Max. Baud rate code	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.3.2.2.1: Definition of register 4104.

Command: Com baud limits	Modbus address: 4104	Length: 4	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Min Baud rate code	Max Baud rate code		
Format:	Decimal	Decimal		
Value:	2	7		

Figure 2.3.2.2.2: Example to read the baud rate code limits: Min = 2, Max = 7 (see Figure 2.3.2.1.2).

2.4 Configuration of the Analog Interfaces

2.4.1 Available Analog Interfaces

An Arc Module has two individual physical analog interfaces that have identical functionalities, but can be configured independently from each other.

- Analog Output Interface 1 (AO1)
- Analog Output Interface 2 (AO2)

The number of analog interfaces is defined in register 4320.

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
4320	2	Available analog interfaces	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.4.1.1: Definition of register 4320.

Command: Avail analog interfaces		Modbus address: 4320		Length: 2	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Available analog interfaces					
Format:	Hex					
Value:	0x03					

Figure 2.4.1.2: Example to read the available analog interfaces. The answer is "0x03" meaning that there exists an Analog Interface 1 (AO1) and an Analog Interface 2 (AO2).

2.4.2 Available Analog Interface Modes

With register 4322, the available analog interface modes for AO1 and AO2 are defined

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Reg5 / Reg6	Reg7 / Reg8	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
4322	8	Available Analog Interface Modes for AO1	Available Analog Interface Modes for AO2	reserved	reserved	3,4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.4.2.1: Definition of register 4322. It defines the analog interface modes available for AO1 and AO2. The analog interface modes are described in Figure 2.4.2.2.

Code (Hex)	Analog Interface Mode	Description
0x00	4-20 mA inactive	Analog interface deactivated
0x01	4-20 mA fixed	Set to a constant output value for current loop testing
0x02	4-20 mA linear	Linear output of measurement (PMC1 / 6)
0x04	4-20 mA bilinear	Bilinear output of measurement (PMC1 / 6)

Figure 2.4.2.2: Definition of the analog interface modes, valid for both AO1 and AO2.

Command: Analog Interface Modes		Modbus address: 4322		Length: 8	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Available Analog Interface Modes for AO1	Available Analog Interface Modes for AO2	reserved		reserved	
Format:	Hex	Hex	Hex		Hex	
Value:	0x07	0x07	0x0		0x0	

Figure 2.4.2.3: Example to read register 4322: all modes defined in figure 2.4.2.2 are available for both AO1 and AO2.

2.4.3 Description of the Analog Interfaces 1 and 2

Register 4352 / 4480 contain the descriptions of AO1 / AO2 as plain text ASCII:

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 to Reg8 16 ASCII characters	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
4352	8	Description of AO1	3, 4	U/A/S	none
4480	8	Description of AO2	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.4.3.1: Definition of register 4352 and 4480

Command:	Current interface text	Modbus address:	4352	Length:	8	Type:	3	Read
Parameter:	Text							
Format:	Character							
Value:	mA interface #1							

Figure 2.4.3.2: Example to read the description of AO1. The text is "**mA interface #1**". Accordingly, AO1 is physically configured as a 4-20 mA current output.

Command:	Current interface text	Modbus address:	4480	Length:	8	Type:	3	Read
Parameter:	Text							
Format:	Character							
Value:	mA interface #2							

Figure 2.4.3.3: Example to read the description of AO2. The text is "**mA interface #2**". Accordingly, AO2 is physically configured as a 4-20 mA current output.



Attention:

- Arc Modules do not have an ECS (in contrast to VisiFerm DO)!
- Data structure: register address offset between AO1 and AO2 is always 128.

2.4.4 Selection of an Analog Interface Mode

The analog interface mode of AO1 / AO2 is selected by programming the analog interface mode in register 4360 / 4488.

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
4360	2	Active analog interface mode for AO1	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	S
4488	2	Active analog interface mode for AO2	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	S

Figure 2.4.4.1: Definition of register 4360 / 4488. Only one bit can be set.

Command:	Active interface mode	Modbus address:	4360	Length:	2	Type:	16	Write
Parameter:	Mode							
Format:	Hex							
Value:	0x02							

Figure 2.4.4.2: Example to set the analog interface mode of AO1 to 0x02 (4-20 mA linear output).

2.4.5 Configuration of the 4-20 mA Interface

Note:

The configuration of AO1 / AO2 is only effective if register 4360 / 4488 (active analog interface mode) is set to the value 0x01, 0x02 or 0x04.

2.4.5.1 Reading the Available Primary Measurement Channels to be Mapped to the Analog Output

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
4362	2	Available Primary Measurement Channels for AO1	3, 4	U/A/S	none
4490	2	Available Primary Measurement Channels for AO2	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.4.5.1.1: Definition of register 4362 / 4490.

For the definition of the Primary Measurement Channels (PMC), see chapter 2.5.

Code (Hex)	Primary Measurement Channel (PMC)
0x01	PMC1 (pH)
	not available
0x20	PMC6 (temperature)

Figure 2.4.5.1.2: Code for selection of the primary measurement channel.

Command: Available PMC AO1		Modbus address: 4362		Length: 2	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Available PMC 20 mA					
Format:	hex					
Value:	0x21					

Figure 2.4.5.1.3: Example to read the available Primary Measurement Channels (PMC) for AO1. The hexadecimal value of "0x21" defines that PMC1 (pH) or PMC6 (temperature) can be mapped to AO1. Register 4490 contains the same value "0x21". Accordingly, PMC1 or PMC6 can be mapped to AO2 as well.

2.4.5.2 Selecting the Primary Measurement Channel to be Mapped to the Analog Interface

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
4364	2	Selected PMC for AO1	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	S
4492	2	Selected PMC for AO2	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	S

Figure 2.4.5.2.1: Definition of register 4364 / 4492. Only one bit can be set.

Command: Active PMC AO1		Modbus address: 4364		Length: 2	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Current PMC 20mA					
Format:	hex					
Value:	0x01					

Figure 2.4.5.2.2: Example to read the current primary measurement channel mapped to AO1, defined in register 4364. The value "0x01" is returned, saying that PMC1 is mapped to AO1 (factory setting).

The factory setting for register 4492 is "0x20", mapping PMC6 to AO2.

2.4.5.3 Reading the Minimum and Maximum Possible Physical Output Current

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
4366	4	Min physical output current for AO1 [mA]	Max physical output current for AO1 [mA]	3, 4	U/A/S	none
4494	4	Min physical output current for AO2 [mA]	Max physical output current for AO2 [mA]	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.4.5.3.1: Definition of register 4366 / 4494

Command: Limits AO1		Modbus address: 4366		Length: 4	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Min limit [mA]	Max limit [mA]				
Format:	Float	Float				
Value:	3.5	22				

Figure 2.4.5.3.2: Example to read the min and max output current of AO1. Min is fixed to 3.5 and Max is fixed to 22 mA (Currents above 20 and below 4 mA indicate erroneous measurements or errors).

The same values are stored in register 4494 for AO2.

2.4.5.4 Reading the Minimum, Maximum and Mid Current for Measurement Value Output

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Reg5 / Reg6	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
4370	6	Min output for measurement value for AO1 [mA]	Max output for measurement values for AO1 [mA]	Mid output (bilinear) for measurement values for AO1 [mA]	3, 4	U/A/S	none
4498	6	Min output for measurement value for AO2 [mA]	Max output for measurement values for AO2 [mA]	Mid output (bilinear) for measurement values for AO2 [mA]	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.4.5.4.1: Definition of register 4370 / 4498

Command: MinMaxMid current AO1		Modbus address: 4370		Length: 6	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Min current [mA]	Max current [mA]	Mid current [mA]			
Format:	Float	Float	Float			
Value:	4	20	12			

Figure 2.4.5.4.2: Example to read the min, max and mid output current for measurement values for AO1. They are fixed to 4, 20 and 12 mA.

The same values are stored in register 4498 for AO2.

Note:

Mid current must always be defined. However, in linear output mode, the mid current value has no physical meaning and will not affect the 4-20 mA output.

2.4.5.5 Reading the Selected Physical Unit for Analog Interface

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
4376	2	Selected physical unit of AO1 (see chapter 2.5.1)	3, 4	U/A/S	none
4504	2	Selected physical unit of AO2 (see chapter 2.5.1)	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.4.5.5.1: Definition of register 4376 / 4504.

Command: Avail unit AO1		Modbus address: 4376		Length: 2	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Available unit					
Format:	Hex					
Value:	0x001000					

Figure 2.4.5.5.2: Example to read the selected unit of the selected PMC of AO1. The value returned is "0x001000", accordingly, the unit is pH. The physical unit for PMC is defined in Reg. 2090 or 2410 and applies automatically for 4-20 mA output.

2.4.5.6 Defining the Measurement Values for 4, 12 and 20 mA Output

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Reg5 / Reg6	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
4378	6	Measurement value at Min Output Current (4 mA) for AO1	Measurement value at Max Output Current (20 mA) for AO1	Measurement value at Mid Output Current (12 mA) for AO1	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	S
4506	6	Measurement value at Min Output Current (4 mA) for AO2	Measurement value at Max Output Current (20 mA) for AO2	Measurement value at Mid Output Current (12 mA) for AO2	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	S

Figure 2.4.5.6.1: Definition of register 4378 / 4506.

Command: MinMaxMid value AO1		Modbus address: 4378		Length: 6	Type: 16	Write
Parameter:	Min value	Max value	Mid value			
Format:	Float	Float	Float			
Value:	3	10	7			

Figure 2.4.5.6.2: Example to set the min value to 3 (for 4 mA), the max value to 10 (for 20 mA) and the mid value to 7 (for 12 mA). The corresponding physical unit can be read in register 4376 / 4504 and in 2090 / 2410.

Note:

Mid current must always be defined. However, in linear output mode, the mid current value has no physical meaning and will not affect the 4-20 mA output.

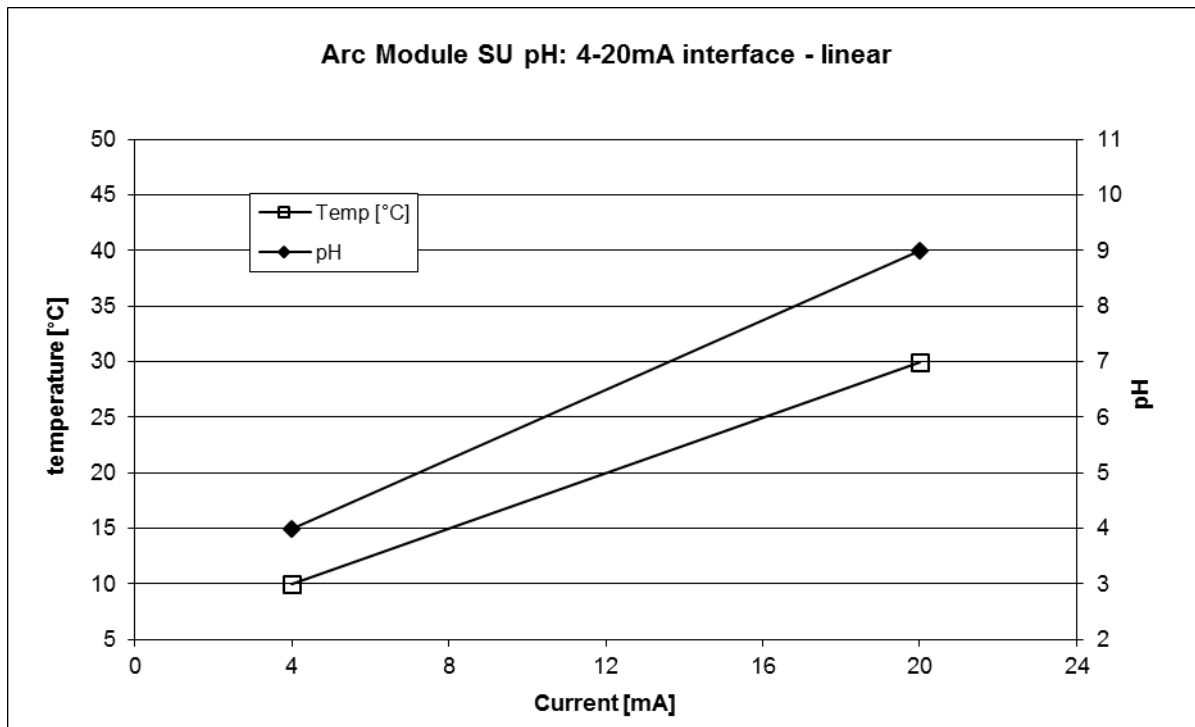


Figure 2.4.5.6.3: Example of linear 4-20 mA output characteristics for pH or temperature.

Current	pH	Temperature
4 mA	4	+10 °C
20 mA	9	+30 °C

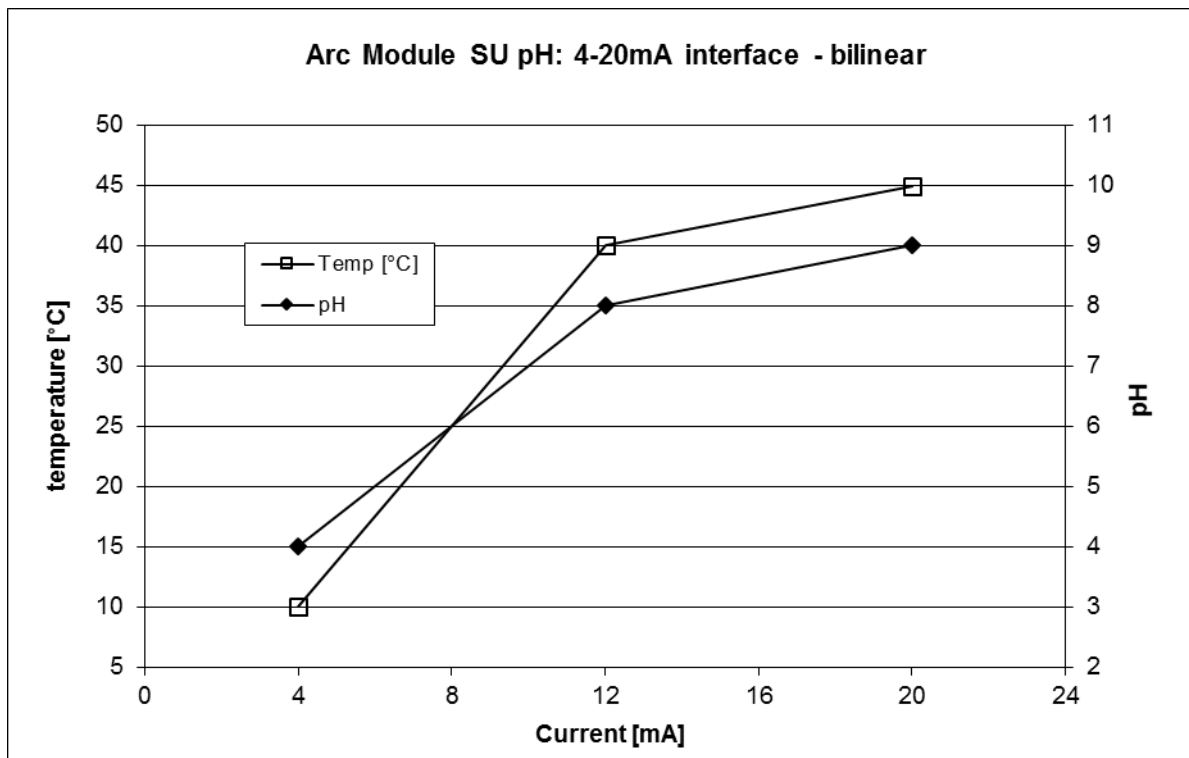


Figure 2.4.5.6.4: Example of bilinear 4-20 mA output characteristics for pH or temperature.

Current	pH	Temperature
4 mA	4	+10 °C
12 mA	8	+40 °C
20 mA	9	+45 °C

**Attention:**

When assigning measurement values to 4-20 mA analog output by using register 4378 / 4506, you need to consider the following:

- The PMC you have mapped to AO1 / AO2 (register 4364 / 4492)
- The physical unit currently in use for the selected PMC (register 2090 for PMC1 (pH) and register 2410 for PMC6 (temperature)).

Therefore, when the operator redefines one of the register 4364 / 4492, 2090 / 2410, the definitions of the register 4378 / 4506 should be reviewed. If not, the current output at the 4-20 mA interfaces may be wrong.

Note:

The physical unit of the analog output corresponds always to the unit that is set for the selected PMC (register 2090 for PMC1 or register 2410 for PMC6). Accordingly, not only the pH value is selectable at the 4-20 mA interface, but also mV values, degrees centigrade or Kelvin.

Example:

Register 4364 is set to 1 (PMC1 is mapped to AO1).

Register 2090 is set to 0x1000 (the unit "pH" is assigned to PMC1).

Register 4378 is set to 4 and 10 (4 mA = pH 4, 20 mA = pH 10).

The Arc Module reads currently pH 6, the output at the 4-20 mA is accordingly 9.34 mA.

The operator now re-assigns register 2090 to the value of 0x200000 (unit = mV), but does not modify all other registers. The Arc Module is still at pH 6 and reads now +57 mV. At the analog output, as 20 mA is programmed to a value of 10 by register 4378, the current will go to the maximum value of 20 mA. This will generate an interface warning "4-20 mA current set point not met".

2.4.5.7 Defining a Constant Current Output for Testing

Note:

For constant current output, the AO1 / AO2 must be set to analog interface mode 0x01:

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
4384	2	Constant current output value for AO1 [mA]	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	S
4512	2	Constant current output value for AO2 [mA]	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	S

Figure 2.4.5.7.1: Definition of register 4384 / 4512.

Command: Fixed value AO1		Modbus address: 4384		Length: 2	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Fixed value [mA]					
Format:	Float					
Value:	10					

Figure 2.4.5.7.2: Example to read the constant current output in mode 0x01 for AO1. It is set to 10 mA.

2.4.5.8 Defining the Error and Warning Output of the 4-20 mA Interface

Errors and warnings can be mapped to the AO1 / AO2.

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Reg5 / Reg6	Reg7 / Reg8	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
4386	8	Code of warnings and errors (see Figure 2.4.5.8.2) for AO1	Current in case of "warning" [mA] for AO1	Current in case of "error" [mA] for AO1	Current in case of "T exceed" [mA] for AO1	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	S
4514	8	Code of warnings and errors (see Figure 2.4.5.8.2) for AO2	Current in case of "warning" [mA] for AO2	Current in case of "error" [mA] for AO2	Current in case of "T exceed" [mA] for AO2	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	S

Figure 2.4.5.8.1: Definition of register 4386 / 4514.

Bit #	Code (hex)	Behavior of the 4-20 mA interface in case of errors and warnings
0 (LSB)	0x000001	Error continuous output
		not available
16	0x010000	Warning continuous output
		not available

Figure 2.4.5.8.2: Code for the 4-20 mA interface in case of errors and warnings.

If the corresponding bits for the errors and warnings are not set (=0x00), the respective options are inactive.

The default settings are:

- Code 0x01
- current in case of warnings: 3.5 mA
- current in case of errors: 3.5 mA
- current in case of temperature exceed: 3.5 mA

Command: ErrorWarnings AO1		Modbus address: 4386		Length: 8	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Warning code	Current in case of warning [mA]	Current in case of error [mA]	Current in case of temperature exceed [mA]		
Format:	Hex	Float	Float	Float		
Value:	0x010001	3.5	3.5	3.5		

Figure 2.4.5.8.3: Example: Read the settings for AO1 in case of warnings and errors. Warning code 0x010001 corresponds to the continuous output current in case of warning (0x010000) and continuous output current in case of error (0x01) of 3.5 mA. The output current in case of temperature exceed is 3.5 mA.

2.4.6 Reading the Internally Measured Output Current

Reg. 4414 / 4542 provides internal parameters of AO1 / AO2:

- the setpoint to which the current is regulated in a closed loop control
- the electrical current the Arc Module is measuring to feed the closed loop control

These values are helpful in order to compare against the externally measured electrical current.

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
4414	4	Set point [mA] AO1	Internally measured [mA] AO1	3, 4	U/A/S	none
4542	4	Set point [mA] AO2	Internally measured [mA] AO2	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.4.6.1: Definition of register 4414 / 4542.

Command: Internal values AO1		Modbus address: 4414		Length: 4	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Set point [mA]	Internally measured [mA]				
Format:	Float	Float				
Value:	9.99186	9.99742				

Figure 2.4.6.2: Example to read the internal values of AO1, depending on the analog interface mode.

2.5 Measurement

2.5.1 Definition of Measurement Channels and Physical Units

The Arc Module Modbus register structure allows the definition of 6 individual Primary Measurement Channels (PMC), and 16 individual Secondary Measurement Channels (SMC).

Bit #	Hex code	Description	Definition
0 (LSB)	0x000001	PMC1	pH
1	0x000002	PMC2	not available
		...	not available
4	0x000010	PMC5	not available
5	0x000020	PMC6	Temperature
6	0x000040	SMC1	R glass
7	0x000080	SMC2	not available
8	0x000100	SMC3	not available
9	0x000200	SMC4	E pH vs. ref
10	0x000400	SMC5	not available
11	0x000800	SMC6	not available
12	0x001000	SMC7	not available
13	0x002000	SMC8	pH act
14	0x004000	SMC9	T act
15	0x008000	SMC10	not available
		...	
21 (MSB)	0x200000	SMC16	not available

Figure 2.5.1.1: full list of PMC1 to 6 and SMC1 to 16.

In Register 2048, the available PMC and SMC are defined for a specific Arc Module and a specific operator level.

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
2048	2	Available measurement channels PMC and SMC (bitwise set)	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.5.1.2: Definition of register 2048.

Command: Avail. PMC and SMC		Modbus address: 2048		Length: 2	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Avail. PMC and SMC					
Format:	Hex					
Value:	0x0261					

Figure 2.5.1.3: Example to read Reg. 2048 for Arc Module SU pH:

In case of operator A/U, the value 0x0261 is returned. In other words the following PMC and SMC are available to A/U: PMC1 / PMC6 / SMC1 / SMC4

In case of operator S, the value 0x06261 is returned. In other words the following PMC and SMC are available to S: PMC1 / PMC6 / SMC1 / SMC4 / SMC8 / SMC9

The Arc Module register structure uses the following physical units used for Primary or Secondary Measurement Channels.

Bit #	Hex code	Physical unit	Start register. (8 ASCII characters, length 4 registers, Type 3, read for U/A/S)
0 (LSB)	0x00000001	none	1920
1	0x00000002	K	1924
2	0x00000004	°C	1928
3	0x00000008	°F	1932
4	0x00000010	%-vol	1936
5	0x00000020	%-sat	1940
6	0x00000040	ug/l ppb	1944
7	0x00000080	mg/l ppm	1948
8	0x00000100	g/l	1952
9	0x00000200	uS/cm	1956
10	0x00000400	mS/cm	1960
11	0x00000800	1/cm	1964
12	0x00001000	pH	1968
13	0x00002000	mV/pH	1972
14	0x00004000	kOhm	1976
15	0x00008000	MOhm	1980
16	0x00010000	pA	1984
17	0x00020000	nA	1988
18	0x00040000	uA	1992
19	0x00080000	mA	1996
20	0x00100000	uV	2000
21	0x00200000	mV	2004
22	0x00400000	V	2008
23	0x00800000	mbar	2012
24	0x01000000	Pa	2016
25	0x02000000	Ohm	2020
26	0x04000000	%/°C	2024
27	0x08000000	°	2028
28	0x10000000	not used	2032
29	0x20000000	not used	2036
30	0x40000000	not used	2040
31 (MSB)	0x80000000	SPECIAL	2044

Figure 2.5.1.4: Definition of physical units used for PMC and SMC.

Command: Unit text		Modbus address: 1968		Length: 4	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Text					
Format:	Character					
Value:	pH					

Figure 2.5.1.5: Example to read the physical unit in plain text ASCII in register 1968

2.5.2 Primary Measurement Channel 1 (pH)

2.5.2.1 Description of PMC1

In register 2080, a plain text ASCII description of PMC1 is given.

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 to Reg8 16 ASCII characters	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
2080	8	Description of PMC1	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.5.2.1.1: Definition of register 2080.

Command: PMC 1 text		Modbus address: 2080		Length: 8	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Text					
Format:	Character					
Value:	pH					

Figure 2.5.2.1.2: Example to read the description. It is "pH".

2.5.2.2 Selecting the Physical Unit for PMC1

In register 2088, the available physical units for this channel are defined.

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2 (bitwise defined)	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
2088	2	Available physical units of PMC1	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.5.2.2.1: Definition of register 2088.

Command: PMC1 available units		Modbus address: 2088		Length: 2	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Units					
Format:	Hex					
Value:	0x201000					

Figure 2.5.2.2.2: Example to read the available physical units of PMC1: pH (0x001000) + mV (0x200000), total 0x201000.

In register 2090, the active physical unit for this channel can be selected, by choosing one of the physical units that are defined in register 2088.

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2 (bitwise defined)	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
2090	2	Selected active physical unit for the PMC1	16	none	S

Figure 2.5.2.2.3: Definition of register 2090. Only one bit can be set.

Command: PMC1 set unit		Modbus address: 2090		Length: 2	Type: 16	Write
Parameter:	Unit					
Format:	Hex					
Value:	0x1000					

Figure 2.5.2.2.4: Example to set the physical unit of PMC1 to pH (0x1000).



Attention:

Changing the physical unit has also an influence on the output of AO1 / AO2, as the same physical unit is active for the analog outputs. All limits of the 4-20 mA analog output have to be redefined after changing the physical unit!

2.5.2.3 Reading the measurement value of PMC1

Register 2090 is also used to read the measurement values of PMC1.

Start reg.	Number of reg.	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Reg5 / Reg6	Reg7 / Reg8	Reg9 / Reg10	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
2090	10	Selected physical unit	Measurement value of PMC1 ⁽¹⁾	Measurement status ⁽²⁾	Min allowed value ⁽¹⁾	Max allowed value ⁽¹⁾	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.5.2.3.1: Definition of register 2090. Measurement value of PMC1.

⁽¹⁾ Value is always in the physical unit defined in register 2090.

⁽²⁾ Definition of the status see chapter 2.5.4. All bits set to zero means: no problem.

Command: PMC1 read		Modbus address: 2090		Length: 10	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Unit	Value	Status	Min limit	Max limit	
Format:	Hex	Float	Hex	Float	Float	
Value:	0x1000	4.02503	0x00	3	10	

Figure 2.5.2.3.2: Example to read register 2090. Physical unit is set to pH (0x1000), PMC1 is pH 4.02503, Status is 0x00, Min allowed value is pH 3, Max allowed value is pH 10.

Command: PMC1 read		Modbus address: 2090		Length: 10	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Unit	Value	Status	Min limit	Max limit	
Format:	Hex	Float	Hex	Float	Float	
Value:	0x200000	166.641	0x00	-171.573	240.4306	

Figure 2.5.2.3.3: Example to read register 2090. Physical unit is set to mV (0x200000), PMC1 is 166.641 mV, Status is 0x00, Min allowed value is -171.573 mV, Max allowed value is 240.4306 mV.

For the definition of the measurement status see chapter 2.5.4.



Attention:

You cannot read selectively the registers 3 and 4 for the measurement value only. You have to read the entire length of the command (10 registers) and extract the desired information.

If no or an invalid OneFerm pH sensor is plugged on the Arc Module, the primary measurement value PMC1 is automatically set to a value of -999.

2.5.3 Primary Measurement Channel 6 (Temperature)

2.5.3.1 Description of PMC6

In register 2400, a plain text ASCII description of PMC6 is given

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 to Reg8 16 ASCII characters	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
2400	8	Description of PMC6	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.5.3.1.1: Definition of register 2400.

Command: PMC6 text		Modbus address: 2400		Length: 8	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Text					
Format:	Character					
Value:	T					

Figure 2.5.3.1.2: Example to read the description. It is "T" (Temperature).

2.5.3.2 Selecting the Physical Unit for PMC6

In register 2408, the available physical units of PMC6 are defined.

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2 (bitwise defined)	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
2408	2	Available physical units of PMC6	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.5.3.2.1: Definition of register 2408.

Command: PMC6 available units		Modbus address: 2408		Length: 2	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Units					
Format:	Hex					
Value:	0x0E					

Figure 2.5.3.2.2: Example to read the available physical unit for PMC6. K (0x02), °C (0x04), °F (0x08), total 0x0E.

In register 2410, the active physical unit of PMC6 can be selected, by choosing one of the physical units that are defined in register 2408.

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2 (bitwise defined)	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
2410	2	Selected active physical unit of PMC6	16	none	U/A/S

Figure 2.5.3.2.3: Definition of register 2410. Only one bit can be set.

Command: PMC6 set unit		Modbus address: 2410		Length: 2	Type: 16	Write
Parameter:	Unit					
Format:	Hex					
Value:	0x04					

Figure 2.5.3.2.4: Example to set the physical unit of PMC6 to °C (0x04).



Attention:

Changing the physical unit has also an influence on the output of AO1 / AO2, as the same physical unit is active for the analog outputs. All limits of the 4-20 mA analog output have to be redefined after changing the physical unit!

2.5.3.3 Reading the measurement value of PMC6

Register 2410 is also used to read the measurement values of PMC6.

Start reg.	Number of reg.	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Reg5 / Reg6	Reg7 / Reg8	Reg9 / Reg10	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
2410	10	Selected physical unit	Measurement value of PMC6 ⁽¹⁾	Measurement status ⁽²⁾	Min allowed value ⁽¹⁾	Max allowed value ⁽¹⁾	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.5.3.3.1: Definition of register 2410. Measurement value of PMC6.

⁽¹⁾ Value is always in the physical unit defined in register 2410.

⁽²⁾ For definition of the status see chapter 2.5.4. All bits set to zero means: no problem.

Command: PMC6 read		Modbus address: 2410		Length: 10	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Unit	Value	Status	Min limit	Max limit	
Format:	Hex	Float	Hex	Float	Float	
Value:	0x04	24.35834	0x00	0	60	

Figure 2.5.3.3.2: Example to read register 2410. Physical unit is set to °C (0x04), PMC6 is 24.35834 °C, Status is 0x00, Min allowed value is 0 °C, Max allowed value is 60 °C.

For definition of the measurement status see chapter 2.5.4.



Attention:

You cannot read selectively the registers 3 and 4 for the measurement value only. You have to read the entire length of the command (10 registers) and extract the desired information.

If no or an invalid OneFerm pH sensor is plugged on the Arc Module, the primary measurement value PMC6 is automatically set to a value of -999.

2.5.3.4 Input of an Externally Measured Temperature

Unlike to the VisiFerm DO, this feature is not available for Arc Modules.

2.5.4 Definition of the Measurement Status for PMC1 / PMC6

This is the definition of the status registers read in registers 2090 (PMC1) and 2410 (PMC6):

Bit #	Hex code	Description
0 (LSB)	0x01	Temperature out of measurement range (see chapter 2.8.2)
1	0x02	Temperature out of operating range (see chapter 2.8.2)
2	0x04	Calibration status not zero (see chapter 2.7.4)
3	0x08	Warning not zero (see chapter 2.8.4)
4	0x10	Error not zero (see chapter 2.8.5)

Figure 2.5.4.1: Definition of measurement status for Primary Measurement Channels.

2.5.5 Secondary Measurement Channels 1-16

Arc Modules do allow access to secondary measurement values (16 in total). The access to the individual SMC depends on the operator level. The available SMC are defined in register 2048 according to the selected operator level and the specific Arc Module (see chapter 2.5.1).

2.5.5.1 Description of SMC

The registers defined here give a plain text ASCII description of each available SMC.

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 to Reg8 16 ASCII characters	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
Address	8	Description of each SMC	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.5.5.1.1: Definition of registers at Address

Description	Address	Plain Text (16 ASCII)	Description
SMC1	2464	R glass	Resistance of the pH glass
SMC4	2560	E pH vs. ref	Electrical potential between glass and reference electrode
SMC8	2688	pH act	Current pH value (3-seconds-reading)
SMC9	2720	T act	Current T value (3-seconds-reading)

Figure 2.5.5.1.2: Full list of starting register addresses for the plain text ASCII description of each SMC

Example:

Command: SMC 1 text		Modbus address: 2464		Length: 8	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Text					
Format:	Character					
Value:	R glass					

Figure 2.5.5.1.3: Example to read the description of SMC1 at address 2464. It is "R glass".

2.5.5.2 Reading the measurement value of SMC

The registers defined here are used to read the measurement values of each SMC.

Start reg.	Num-ber of reg.	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Reg5 / Reg6	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
Address	6	Physical unit	Measurement value of SMC	Standard deviation	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.5.5.2.1: Definition of register at Address. Measurement value of each SMC.

Description	Address	Text	Unit	Min value	Max value
SMC1	2472	R glass	MOhm	30	600
SMC4	2568	E pH vs. ref	mV	-900	900
SMC8	2696	pH act	pH	-0.5	14
SMC9	2728	T act	K	253	403

Figure 2.5.5.2.2: Full list of register addresses for the measurement values of SMC1 to SMC9

Example:

Command: SMC1 read		Modbus address: 2472		Length: 6	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Unit	Value	Standard dev.			
Format:	Hex	Float	Float			
Value:	0x8000	247.56	0.02			

Figure 2.5.5.2.3: Example to read register 2472. Physical unit is MOhm (0x8000), the measurement value of SMC1 is 247.66 MOhm, standard deviation of SMC1 is 0.02 MOhm.



Attention:

If no or an invalid OneFerm pH sensor is plugged on the Arc Module, the secondary measurement value SMC8 and SMC9 are automatically set to a value of -999.

2.6 Configuration of the Measurement

This chapter describes the configuration of PMC1 and PMC6 by means of measurement parameters (PA).

2.6.1 Available Parameters

In register 3072, all available parameters (PA) are given.

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2 (bitwise defined)	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
3072	2	Available parameters (see Figure 2.6.1.2)	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.6.1.1: Definition of register 3072.

Bit #	Hex value	Description	Definition in Arc Module
0 (LSB)	0x0001	PA1	not available
			not available
7	0x0080	PA8	not available
8	0x0100	PA9	Moving average
9	0x0200	PA10	not available
10	0x0400	PA11	not available
11	0x0800	PA12	Moving average R
			not available
15 (MSB)	0x8000	PA16	not available

Figure 2.6.1.2: Bitwise definition of parameters PA1 to PA16, valid for Arc Modules

Command: Available parameters		Modbus address: 3072		Length: 2	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Measurement parameters					
Format:	Hex					
Value:	0x0900					

Figure 2.6.1.3: Example to read the available parameters. The value 0x0900 corresponds to 0x0100 (PA9) + 0x0800 (PA12). Parameter 9 and 12 are available.

General note:

- PA1 to PA8 use FLOAT as data format for its values
- PA9 to PA16 use UNSIGNED INT as data format for its values.

2.6.2 PA9: Moving Average

The Arc Module provides new pH readings every 3 seconds. One has the possibility to smoothen the pH reading (PMC1) by means of a moving average applied to the 3-seconds-readings.

PA9 can be applied on 1 to 16 3-seconds-readings. The default value is 2.

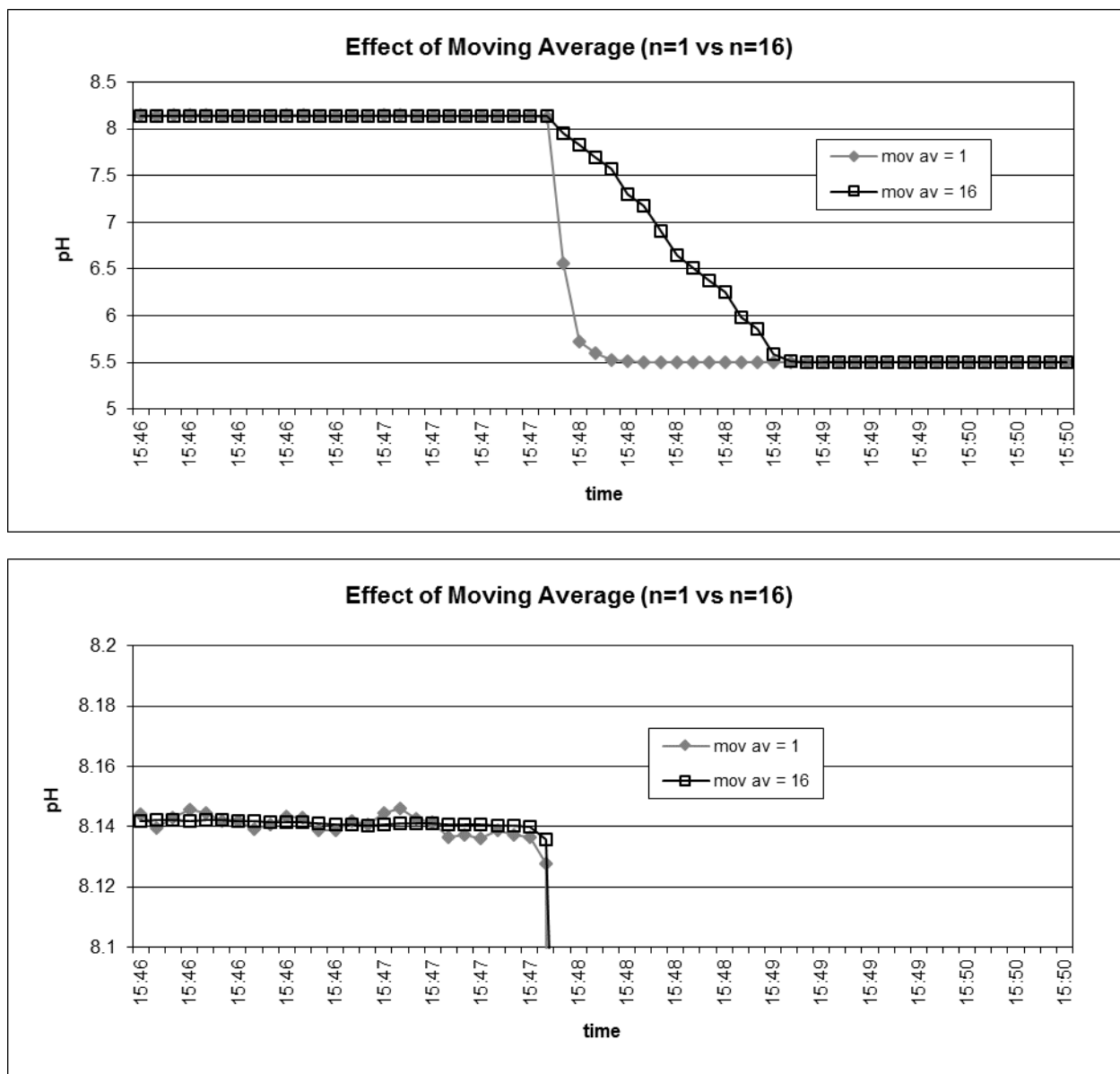


Figure 2.6.2.1: Comparison of the response to a change from pH 8.1 to pH 5.5, using no moving average (n=1) or a moving average over 16 3-seconds-readings.

Using moving average, the short term signal stability can be improved; on the other hand, the response time of the OneFerm pH sensor increases with increasing moving average. A moving average over 16 samples results in a response time of at least 48 s.

Note:

- PA9 is applied to both PMC1 and PMC6.

2.6.2.1 Description of PA9 (Moving Average)

In register 3360, a plain text ASCII description of PA9 is given.

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 to Reg8 16 ASCII characters	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
3360	8	Description of PA9	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.6.2.1.1: Definition of register 3360.

Command: Moving average text		Modbus address: 3360		Length: 8	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Text					
Format:	Character					
Value:	Moving average					

Figure 2.6.2.1.2: Example to read the description for "Moving average".

2.6.2.2 Selecting the Physical Unit and Writing the Value for PA9

In register 3368, the available physical units for PA9 is defined.

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2 (bitwise defined)	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
3368	2	Available physical units for PA9	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.6.2.2.1: Definition of register 3368.

Command: Moving average av. units		Modbus address: 3368		Length: 2	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Units					
Format:	Hex					
Value:	0x01					

Figure 2.6.2.2.2: Example to read the available physical units for PA9. The only one available here is "none" (0x01). For the definition of the physical units see chapter 2.5.1.

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2 (bitwise defined)	Reg3 / Reg4	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
3370	4	Select physical unit for PA9	Value for PA9 (1-16, default: 2)	16	none	S

Figure 2.6.2.2.3: Definition of register 3370. Only one bit for the physical unit can be set. PA9 can be set to the value 1-16. A value of 1 does not influence the response time, a value of 16 increases the response time to 48 s.

By writing to register 3370 the active physical unit for PA9 can be selected by choosing one of the physical units that are defined in register 3368. The value of the parameter can be set as well.

Command: Moving average		Modbus address: 3370		Length: 4	Type: 16	Write
Parameter:	Unit	Value				
Format:	Hex	Decimal				
Value:	0x01	12				

Figure 2.6.2.2.4: Example to set the physical unit of PA9 to "none" (0x01) and the value of the moving average to 12.

2.6.2.3 Reading all Values for PA9

By reading register 3370, the active physical unit of measurement, the selected value, and the min and max values can be read.

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Reg5 / Reg6	Reg7 / Reg8	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
3370	8	Physical unit	Current value	Min value	Max value	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.6.2.3.1: Definition of register 3370.

Command: Moving average		Modbus address: 3370		Length: 8	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Unit	Value		Min value	Max value	
Format:	Hex	Decimal		Decimal	Decimal	
Value:	0x01	10		1	16	

Figure 2.6.2.3.2: Example to read PA9. The physical unit is 0x01 ("none"), the value is 10 and the limit is 1 to 16.

2.6.3 PA12: Moving Average R

Arc Modules allow to have a separate moving average on secondary measurement values:

- Glass resistance

The moving average can be applied on 1 to 16 3-s measurement values. The default value is 4. Especially if high resistances are measured, it is recommended to choose a higher moving average.

2.6.3.1 Description of PA12 (Moving Average R)

In register 3456, a plain text ASCII description of PA12 is given.

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 to Reg8 16 ASCII characters	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
3456	8	Description of PA12	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.6.3.1.1: Definition of register 3456.

Command: Moving average text		Modbus address: 3456		Length: 8	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Text					
Format:	Character					
Value:	Moving average R					

Figure 2.6.3.1.2: Example to read the description for "Moving average R".

2.6.3.2 Selecting the Physical Unit and Writing the Value for PA12

In register 3464, the available physical units for PA12 is defined.

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2 (bitwise defined)	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
3464	2	Available physical units for PA12	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.6.3.2.1: Definition of register 3368.

Command: Moving average av. units		Modbus address: 3464		Length: 2	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Units					
Format:	Hex					
Value:	0x01					

Figure 2.6.3.2.2: Example to read the available physical units for PA12. The only one available here is "none" (0x01). For the definition of the physical units see chapter 2.5.1.

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2 (bitwise defined)	Reg3 / Reg4	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
3466	4	Select physical unit for PA12	Value for PA12 (1-16, default: 4)	16	none	S

Figure 2.6.3.2.3: Definition of register 3466. Only one bit for the physical unit can be set. PA12 can be set to the values 1-16.

By writing to register 3466, the active physical unit for PA12 can be selected, by choosing one of the physical units that are defined in register 3464. The value of the parameter can be set as well.

Command: Moving average		Modbus address: 3466		Length: 4	Type: 16	Write
Parameter:	Unit	Value				
Format:	Hex	Decimal				
Value:	0x01	7				

Figure 2.6.3.2.4: Example to set the physical unit of PA12 to "none" (0x01) and the value of the moving average R to 7.

2.6.3.3 Reading all Values for PA12

By reading register 3466, the active physical unit of measurement, the selected value, and the min and max values can be read.

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Reg5 / Reg6	Reg7 / Reg8	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
3466	8	Physical unit	Current value	Min value	Max value	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.6.3.3.1: Definition of register 3466.

Command: Moving average		Modbus address: 3466		Length: 8	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Unit	Value		Min value	Max value	
Format:	Hex	Decimal		Decimal	Decimal	
Value:	0x01	7		1	16	

Figure 2.6.3.3.2: Example to read PA12. The physical unit is 0x01 ("none"), the value is 7, and the limits are 1 to 16.

2.7 Calibration

2.7.1 Available Calibration Points

In register 5120, the available number of Calibration Points (CP) for Primary Measurement Channel 1 (PMC1) is defined. 8 individual CP are theoretically possible.

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2 (bitwise defined)	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
5120	2	Available number of CP for PMC1 (see Figure 2.7.1.2)	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.7.1.1: Definition of register 5120.

Bit #	Hex value	Description	Definition in Arc Module
0 (LSB)	0x01	CP1	not available
1	0x02	CP2	not available
2	0x04	CP3	not available
3	0x08	CP4	not available
4	0x10	CP5	not available
5	0x20	CP6	Product Calibration
6	0x40	CP7	not available
7 (MSB)	0x80	CP8	not available

Figure 2.7.1.2: Bitwise definition of CP1 to CP8.

Command: Available cali points		Modbus address: 5120		Length: 2	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Points					
Format:	Hex					
Value:	0x20					

Figure 2.7.1.3: Example to read the available CPs. 0x20 = CP6.

2.7.2 Definitions of Calibration Points

2.7.2.1 Calibration Point 6 (Product Calibration)

The limits for calibration point 6 is given in register 5312.

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Reg5 / Reg6	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
5312	6	Physical unit currently active for CP6	Min value for CP6 (in the physical unit as defined in Reg1 and 2)	Max value for CP6 (in the physical unit as defined in Reg1 and 2)	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.7.2.1.1: Definition of register 5312 for CP6.

Command: Calibration limits CP6		Modbus address: 5312		Length: 6	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Unit	Min value	Max value			
Format:	Hex	Float	Float			
Value:	0x01000	3	10			

Figure 2.7.2.1.2: Example to read the limits of CP6. The active physical unit is pH, the min value is pH 3 and the max value is pH 10.

Note: CP6 can be set to any pH value, within the limits from pH 3 to pH 10.

2.7.3 Calibration Procedure

The standard calibration routine for pH sensors is based upon on the linear relationship between the electrical potential and the pH value. This linear calibration function is defined by:

- offset at pH 7 [mV] (at reference temperature, +25°C)
- slope [mV/pH] (at reference temperature, +25°C)
- reference temperature, 298.15K (fixed value).

These calibration coefficients has to be programmed into the Arc Module. If not, a warning bit "Verify / Set Calibration Data" is indicating this calibration status.

As long, this warning bit is active no product calibration is possible.

An active product calibration is deactivated automatically, when a new and valid set of calibration coefficients are entered into the Arc Module.

More or detailed information regarding entering the calibration coefficients and the behavior of the Arc Module can be found in chapter 2.7.8.

2.7.3.1 Calibration at CP6 (Product Calibration)

The product calibration is a process in order to adjust the measurement of a correctly calibrated Arc Module to specific process conditions. As previous mentioned, the correct calibration coefficients has to be programmed before (the warning bit "Verify / Set Calibration Data" is deactivated), otherwise no product calibration is possible.

Product calibration is a two stage process:

1. An initial measurement is performed while the operator takes a sample of the process solution. At that time point the Arc Module stores its raw measurement value, temperature and operating hour in the memory.

While the operator takes the sample to the analytics lab for reference analysis the Arc Module is still running on its prior entered calibration coefficient while the initial measurement data for the ongoing product calibration is kept in the Arc Module's memory.

2. When the result of the reference analysis is available this value is assigned, at a second time point, to the former initial measurement data stored in the Arc Module.

The Arc Module is now, after valid assignment, running on a calibration function which is compensated for the correct process conditions. The product calibration (CP6) is now active.

Performing a Cancel command for the product calibration (CP6) brings the Arc Module back to its still stored prior entered calibration coefficient.

If a product calibration is still active and new calibration coefficients are enter into the Arc Module the product calibration (CP6) is cancelled.

If the operator needs to overrun an active product calibration (old CP6) by a new product calibration (new CP6) the above process applies in the same way. After initial measurement the Arc Module is still running on the first product calibration (old CP6) until a valid assignment has been done (new CP6).

What happens to the calibration function upon product calibration (CP6)?

A product calibration adds an offset to the linear calibration function defined by the entered calibration coefficients.

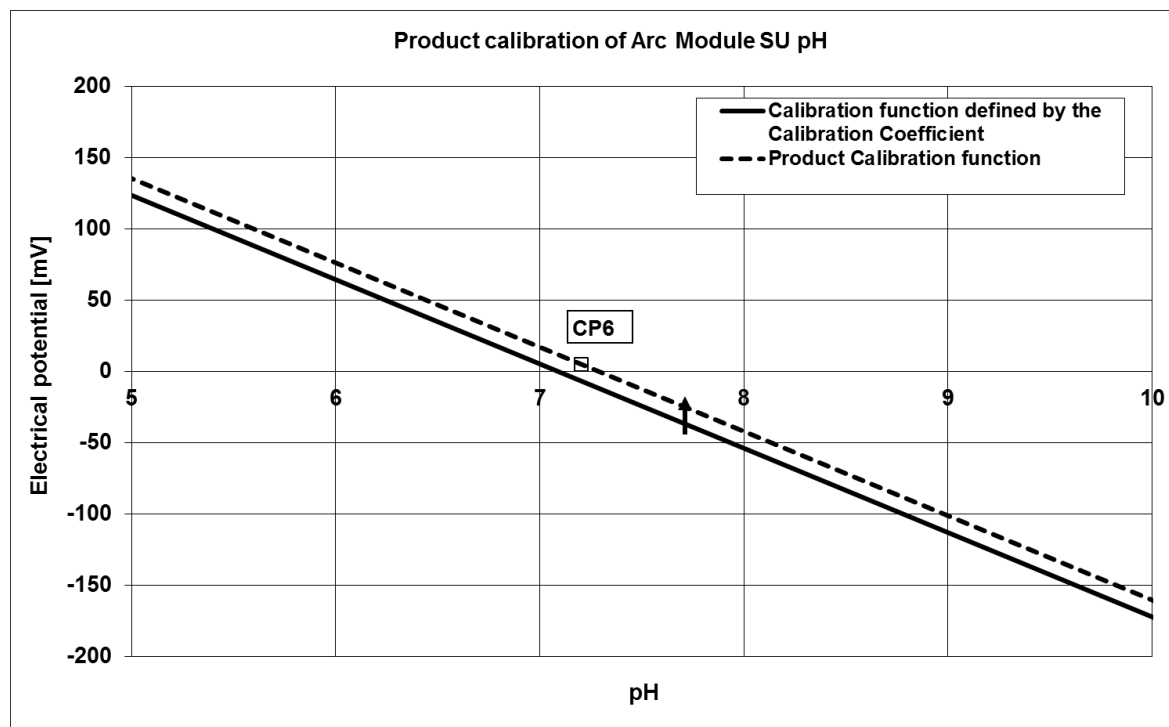


Figure 2.7.3.1.1: Effect of the product calibration CP6 on an existing standard calibration function defined by the calibration coefficients.

The calibration function is described by two parameters: the offset at pH 7 and the slope, shown as a straight line.

Some weeks later, the operator believes that the Standard Calibration function is not correct anymore. As the process is running and he is not able to perform a standard calibration under defined conditions in the lab, he decides to perform a product calibration CP6, in other words adjusting the standard calibration function to the process conditions:

CP6: pH value of product: 7.2 electrical potential: 5 mV

The Arc Module internally adds an offset to the calibration curve. The slope remains unchanged.

Another special feature of this calibration point is to switch off and back on again a product calibration. These functions are called “restore standard calibration” and “restore product calibration”.

Note:

The Arc Module's internal criteria for a successful product calibration are:

- the OneFerm pH sensor is currently in the specified measurement range (see specifications on www.hamiltoncompany.com)
- the manually assigned pH value does not deviate more than 2 pH units from the value measured prior the product calibration

The different functionalities of product calibration (CP6) are accessible through the following commands:

- Initial measurement
- Assignment
- Cancel
- Restore standard calibration
- Restore product calibration

All commands are executed by writing a command value to the register 5340 except for assignment where the calibration value is written to register 5322 (see below).

Definition of the commands for product calibration

The commands for register 5340 are defined as follows:

Code Hex	Definition of commands
0x01	Perform initial measurement
0x02	Cancel an active product calibration
0x03	Restore a standard calibration from an active product calibration
0x04	Restore a product calibration from an active standard calibration

Figure 2.7.3.1.2: Definition of the commands related to the product calibration

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
5340	2	Code as defined in Figure 2.7.3.1.2	3, 4, 16	A/S	A/S

Figure 2.7.3.1.3: Definition of register 5340

2.7.3.1.1 Product calibration: Initial measurement

Upon process sample collection for laboratory analysis the command for initial measurement is sent to the Arc Module.

This is achieved by writing the command 0x01 to register 5340 which performs the initial measurement and stores the corresponding measurement values in the Arc Module.

Command: CP6: Initial measurement		Modbus address: 5340	Length: 2	Type: 16	Write
Parameter:	Command				
Format:	Hex				
Value:	0x01				

Figure 2.7.3.1.1.1: Example to start the product calibration procedure. Writing the command code 0x01 (initial measurement) to the CP6 command register 5340.

After successful initial measurement the corresponding calibration status (register 5318, Figure 2.7.4.1.1) is "CP6 initial measurement" (0x08000000) (see Figure 2.7.4.1.1).

The Arc Module continues measuring using the prior stored calibration coefficients.

2.7.3.1.2 Product calibration: Assignment

After successful initial measurement a correct value must be assigned to the initially stored measurement data.

This is achieved by writing the correct calibration value to register 5322.

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
5322	2	pH value [pH]	16	none	A/S

Figure 2.7.3.1.2.1: Definition of register 5322

Command: CP6: Assignment		Modbus address: 5322		Length: 2	Type: 16	Write
Parameter:	Value					
Format:	Float					
Value:	7.2					

Figure 2.7.3.1.2.2: Example to assign a calibration value to the above performed initial measurement.

This is achieved by writing the correct pH value.

From now on the Arc Module is measuring using the here performed product calibration.

The calibration status (register 5318) is 0x14000000 meaning that a correct value has been assigned and that the product calibration is active (see Figure 2.7.4.1.1).

2.7.3.1.3 Product calibration: Cancel

To cancel an active product calibration or an active initial measurement the command 0x02 is written to register 5340.

Command: CP6: Cancel		Modbus address: 5340		Length: 2	Type: 16	Write
Parameter:	Command					
Format:	Hex					
Value:	0x02					

Figure 2.7.3.1.3.1: Example to cancel an active product calibration or an initial measurement. Writing the command 0x02 (cancel) to register 5340.

Performing this action the product calibration or any initial measurements are canceled. The values of the prior product calibration are removed from the Arc Module's memory. From now on the Arc Module is measuring using its prior stored calibration coefficients.

The Arc Modules's calibration status (register 5318) will be reading 0x00 again (see Figure 2.7.4.1.1).

2.7.3.1.4 Product calibration: Restore standard calibration

If a product calibration is active this product calibration can be temporarily switched off by writing the command 0x03 to register 5340.

Performing this action the values of the product calibration remain stored in the Arc Module's memory.

Command: CP6: Restore standard		Modbus address: 5340	Length: 2	Type: 16	Write
Parameter:	Command				
Format:	Hex				
Value:	0x03				

Figure 2.7.3.1.4.1: Example to restore a standard calibration from an active product calibration. Writing command 0x03 (restore standard calibration) to register 5340.

From now on the Arc Module is measuring using its prior stored calibration coefficients.

The Arc Module's calibration status (register 5318) will be reading "CP6 assigned" (0x10000000) meaning that a valid assignment for a product calibration is available in the Arc Module's memory (see Figure 2.7.4.1.1).

2.7.3.1.5 Product calibration: Restore product calibration

If a valid but inactivated product calibration is available in the Arc Module memory, the calibration status is reading "CP6 assigned" (corresponding to 0x10000000, see Figure 2.7.4.1.1), this stored product calibration can be restored or reactivated by writing command 0x04 to register 5340.

Command: CP6: Restore product		Modbus address: 5340	Length: 2	Type: 16	Write
Parameter:	Command				
Format:	Hex				
Value:	0x04				

Figure 2.7.3.1.5.1: Example to restore an available product calibration from an active standard calibration. Writing command 0x04 (restore product calibration) to register 5340.

From now on the Arc Module is measuring using its prior CP6 product calibration.

The Arc Module's calibration status (register 5318) will be reading 0x14000000 (corresponding to "CP6 assigned" and "CP6 active", see Figure 2.7.4.1.1) again.

If this command is performed without available product calibration in the Arc Module's memory the Arc Module will respond with a Modbus exception since this command is not valid.

2.7.4 Reading the Calibration Status

2.7.4.1 Reading the Calibration Status of CP6

A product calibration is not always successful. In order to analyze what has gone wrong, the calibration status register 5318 can be read.



Note

Registers 5158 and 5190 contain the same information!

Bit #	Hex value	Definition
0 (LSB)	0x00000001	not available
...		not available
24	0x01000000	CP6: out of calibration range
25	0x02000000	CP6: out of range
26	0x04000000	CP6: active
27	0x08000000	CP6: initial measurement
28	0x10000000	CP6: assigned
...		not available
31	0x80000000	Not available

Figure 2.7.4.1.1: Definition of the status for register 5318 (see Figure 2.7.4.2.1).

2.7.4.2 Reading the Calibration Status of CP6 (Product Calibration)

The calibration status and the current state of the product calibration process (CP6) is read in the calibration status register for CP6 (register 5318).

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Reg5 / Reg6	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
5318	6	Status CP6 (see Figure 2.7.4.1.1)	Physical unit of the last successful calibration CP6 (always pH)	pH value of the last successful calibration CP6	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.7.4.2.1: Definition of register 5318 for CP6. For examples, see following chapters.

2.7.4.2.1 Product calibration: Initial measurement

Calibration status after initial measurement command under conditions outside the valid calibration range for CP6 (defined in register 5312):

Command: Calibration status CP6		Modbus address: 5318		Length: 6	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Status	Unit	Value			
Format:	Hex	Hex	Float			
Value:	0x01000000	0x00001000	4.01			

Figure 2.7.4.2.1.1: Example to read the calibration status of CP6 after having performed an initial measurement at CP6 under measurement conditions outside the calibration range for CP6. The status says: "CP6: out of calibration range" (0x01000000). The last successful calibration has been performed at pH 4.01. The initial measurement in this case was **not** successful. The Arc Module is still running on its prior stored calibration coefficients.

Calibration status after successful initial measurement:

Command: Calibration status CP6		Modbus address: 5318		Length: 6	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Status	Unit	Value			
Format:	Hex	Hex	Float			
Value:	0x08000000	0x00001000	4.01			

Figure 2.7.4.2.1.2: Example to read the calibration status of CP6 after having performed an initial measurement at CP6 under correct measurement conditions. The status says: "CP6: initial measurement" (0x08000000). The last successful calibration has been performed at pH 4.01. The initial measurement in this case was successful. The Arc Module is still running on its prior stored calibration coefficients until a valid calibration value has been assigned to this initial measurement values.

2.7.4.2.2 Product calibration: Assignment

Calibration status after invalid assignment:

Command: Calibration status CP6		Modbus address: 5318		Length: 6	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Status	Unit	Value			
Format:	Hex	Hex	Float			
Value:	0x0A000000	0x00001000	4.01			

Figure 2.7.4.2.2.1: Example to read the calibration status of CP6 after having performed a valid initial measurement at CP6 and an invalid assignment. The status says: "CP6: out of range" (0x02000000) and "CP6: initial measurement" (0x08000000). The last successful calibration has been performed at pH 4.01. The initial measurement in this case is still valid and available for further assignment of a product calibration value. The here performed assignment was **not** successful. The Arc Module remains running on its prior stored calibration coefficients.

Calibration status after valid assignment:

Command: Calibration status CP6		Modbus address: 5318		Length: 6	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Status	Unit	Value			
Format:	Hex	Hex	Float			
Value:	0x14000000	0x00001000	4.5			

Figure 2.7.4.2.2.2: Example to read the calibration status of CP6 after having performed an initial measurement at CP6 and a valid assignment to pH 4.5. The status says: "CP6: active" (0x04000000) and "CP6: assigned" (0x10000000). The last successful calibration corresponding to the here performed assignment has been performed at pH 4.5. The here performed assignment was successful. The Arc Module is running using a valid product calibration.

2.7.4.2.3 Product calibration: Cancel

Calibration status after cancelling an active product calibration:

Command: Calibration status CP6		Modbus address: 5318		Length: 6	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Status	Unit	Value			
Format:	Hex	Hex	Float			
Value:	0x00000000	0x00001000	4.5			

Figure 2.7.4.2.3.1: Example to read the calibration status of CP6 after having performed a cancel command at CP6.

The status reports no messages. The last successful calibration at CP6 has been performed at pH 4.5.

The Arc Module is running on prior stored calibration coefficients and no product calibration is stored.

2.7.4.2.4 Product calibration: Restore standard calibration

Calibration status after restoring a standard calibration from an active product calibration:

Command: Calibration status CP6		Modbus address: 5318		Length: 6	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Status	Unit	Value			
Format:	Hex	Hex	Float			
Value:	0x10000000	0x00001000	4.5			

Figure 2.7.4.2.4.1: Example to read the calibration status of CP6 after having restored the standard calibration from an active product calibration (CP6).

The status says: "CP6 assigned" (0x10000000). The last successful calibration at CP6 has been performed at pH 4.5.

The Arc Module is running on prior stored calibration coefficients but a valid product calibration is still available in the Arc Module.

2.7.4.2.5 Product calibration: Restore product calibration

Calibration status after restoring an available product calibration from an active standard calibration:

Command: Calibration status CP6		Modbus address: 5318		Length: 6	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Status	Unit	Value			
Format:	Hex	Hex	Float			
Value:	0x14000000	0x00001000	4.5			

Figure 2.7.4.2.5.1: Example to read the calibration status of CP6 after having restored an available product calibration (CP6) based on the calibration coefficients.

The status says: "CP6: active" (0x04000000) and "CP6: assigned" (0x10000000). The last successful calibration corresponding to the here performed assignment has been performed at pH 4.5.

The Arc Module is running on a valid product calibration again.

2.7.5 Currently active Calibration Parameters part 1

In register 5324 (CP6) the currently active calibration parameters part 1 are stored. These register contain the values for temperature, number of calibrations and operating hour upon calibration.

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Reg5 / Reg6	Reg7 / Reg8	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
5324	8	Unit of temperature for CP6 (bitwise defined)	Value of temperature of CP6	Number of calibrations at CP6	Operating hour for CP6	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.7.5.1: Definition of register 5324 for CP6.

Command: Calibration CP6 values		Modbus address: 5324		Length: 8	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Unit of temperature	Temperature	Number of cali	Operating hour		
Format:	Hex	Float	Decimal	Float		
Value:	0x00000004	29.93368	12	379.5167		

Figure 2.7.5.2: Example to read the calibration values 1 for CP6. The physical unit is °C (4), the temperature is 29.93 (°C), the number of calibrations at CP6 is 12 and the operating hour is 379.51 (h).

2.7.6 Currently active Calibration Parameters part 2

Register 5332 (CP6) is not defined for Arc Module, as it documents atmospheric pressure and salinity used for dissolved oxygen Arc Sensors only.

2.7.7 Currently active Calibration Parameters part 3

In register 5560 the pH value of the product, the electrical potential and the temperature upon calibration are stored.

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Reg5 / Reg6	Reg7 / Reg8	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
5560	8	pH value of product at CP6 [pH]	Electrical potential at CP6 [mV]	Temp at CP6 [K]	free	3, 4	A/S	none

Figure 2.7.7.1: Definition of register 5560.

Command: Act calibration CP6		Modbus address: 5560		Length: 8	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	pH CP6 [pH]	Voltage CP6 [mV]	Temp CP6 [K]	free		
Format:	Float	Float	Float	Float		
Value:	7.1	5.10469	298.3302	0		

Figure 2.7.7.2: Example to read the actual calibration values of CP6.

2.7.8 Currently active Calibration Parameters part 4

The PMC1 (pH) calibration coefficient values can be read and written with register 5448.

By entering the calibration coefficient values into the Arc Module via register 5448, the Arc Module returns an indication:

- 1.) Calibration coefficients are valid (within the limits):
The Arc Module will immediately use new calibration coefficients for the measurement.
Furthermore, the status bit "Verify / Set Calibration Data" and an active product calibration are accordingly cancelled.
- 2.) Calibration coefficients are invalid in case that,
 - i. the calibration coefficients are out of limits,
 - ii. no sensor is plugged on the Arc Module,
 - iii. incorrect OneFerm pH sensor is plugged on the Arc Module or
 - iv. a power up of the Arc Module was performed.
 Furthermore, the prior valid calibration coefficients inside the Arc Module used for the measurement and the warning bit "Verify / Set Calibration Data" is immediately activated.

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2 (Float)	Reg3 / Reg4 (Float)	Reg5 / Reg6 (Float)	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
5448	6	Offset at pH 7 [mV]	Slope (25 °C) [mV/pH]	Reference temperature [K]	3, 4	U/A/S	A/S

Figure 2.7.8.1: Definition of register 5448.

Command: Calculated cali values			Modbus address: 5448		Length: 6	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Offset at pH 7 [mV]	Slope [mV/pH]	Ref temp [K]				
Format:	Float	Float	Float				
Value:	5.0	-59.28	298.15				

Figure 2.7.8.2: Example to read register 5448: offset at pH 7 is 5.0 mV; slope is -59.28 mV/pH; reference temperature is 298.15 K (=25°C)

For the PMC1 calibration coefficient values, register 5480 documents limits of offset at pH 7, slope and reference temperature.

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Reg5 / Reg6	Reg7 / Reg8	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
5480	8	Min value of offset at pH 7 [mV]	Max value of offset at pH 7 [mV]	Min value of slope [mV/pH]	Max value of slope [mV/pH]	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.7.8.3: Definition of register 5480.

Command: Limits of calc. cali values			Modbus address: 5480		Length: 8	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Min value of offset at pH 7 [mV]	Max value of offset at pH 7 [mV]	Min value of slope [mV/pH]	Max value of slope [mV/pH]			
Format:	Float	Float	Float	Float			
Value:	-20	20	-70	-50			

Figure 2.7.8.4: Example to read register 5480: Offset at pH 7 is allowed from -20 to +20 mV; slope is allowed from -70 to -50 mV/pH.

2.7.9 Currently active Calibration Parameters part 5

In register 5342 the system time of the calibration is stored.

Note: for CP6, the system time is set during the action "initial measurement".

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
5342	2	System Time CP6	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.7.9.1: Definition of register 5342 for CP6.

Command: System Time CP6		Modbus address: 5342		Length: 2	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	System Time CP6					
Format:	u-int					
Value:	1334131200					

Figure 2.7.9.2: Example to read the system time of CP6. The initial measurement of the product calibration has been performed on April 11th 2012 at 8:00.

2.8 Arc Module Status

2.8.1 OneFerm pH Identification

Arc Module and OneFerm pH sensor are separable. If connecting the Arc Module without the sensing element, the Arc Module provides a detecting mechanism:

#	Connection Status	Warning / Error
1	A valid OneFerm pH connected with the Arc Module and verification of the calibration data not yet performed	Calibration Warning (Bit 3): "Verify / Set calibration data"
2	No sensor connected with the Arc Module	Calibration Error (Bit 2): "Sensor missing"
3	Wrong OneFerm pH sensor connected with the Arc Module	Calibration Error (Bit 0): "Sensor not matching"

Figure 2.8.1.1: Possibilities of connection status

2.8.2 Temperature Ranges

In registers 4608, 4612 and 4616 three different temperature ranges are defined:

- Operation – in this range the Arc Module will work properly (current output, Modbus communication), except the measurement, which is stopped until the temperature is back in the measurement range. In this case the last value of measurement will be frozen and sent to analog interfaces.
- Measurement – in this range the Arc Module is able to measure.
- Calibration – in this range the Arc Module can be calibrated.

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
4608	4	Operating temperature min [°C]	Operating temperature max [°C]	3, 4	U/A/S	none
4612	4	Measurement temperature min [°C]	Measurement temperature max [°C]	3, 4	U/A/S	none
4616	4	Calibration temperature min [°C]	Calibration temperature max [°C]	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.8.2.1: Definition of register 4608, 4612 and 4616.

Command: Operating T range		Modbus address: 4608		Length: 4	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Operating T min [°C]	Operating T max [°C]				
Format:	Float	Float				
Value:	0	60				

Figure 2.8.2.2: Example to read the operating temperature values min and max.

Command: Measurement T range		Modbus address: 4612		Length: 4	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Measurement T min [°C]	Measurement T max [°C]				
Format:	Float	Float				
Value:	4	50				

Figure 2.8.2.3: Example to read the measurement temperature values min and max.

Command: Calibration T range		Modbus address: 4616		Length: 4	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Calibration T min [°C]	Calibration T max [°C]				
Format:	Float	Float				
Value:	4	50				

Figure 2.8.2.4: Example to read the calibration temperature values min and max.

2.8.3 Operating Hours, Counters and System Time

In register 4676 are stored:

- total operating hours
- operating hours above max measurement temperature (see chapter 2.8.2)
- the operating hours above max operating temperature (see chapter 2.8.2)

In register 4682 are stored:

- number of power ups
- number of watchdog resets
- number of writing cycles to the Arc Module's flash memory

In register 8232 is stored:

- the system time counter:
When the Arc Module is powered up, the system time is set to 0. A value between 0 and 2^{32} can be written into this register. From this value, the Arc Module increments this value every second.

We recommend to use as base date the so-called UNIX timestamp (hint: www.epochconverter.com) which starts at 1st of January 1970 GMT. When a calibration is performed the system time value will be copied to the register 5342 for CP6 (after the action "initial measurement"). With this copied value, the absolute time of calibration can be recovered, even if the Arc Module has powered down in the meantime.

Be sure to update this register if needed after every power up of the Arc Module.

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Reg3 / Reg4	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
4676	6	Operating hours [h]	Operating hours above max measurement temperature [h]	Operating hours above max operating temperature [h]	3, 4	U/A/S	none
4682	6	Number of Power ups	Number of Watchdog resets	Number of Writing cycles to flash memory	3, 4	U/A/S	none
8232	2	System Time Counter			3, 4, 16	U/A/S	S

Figure 2.8.3.1: Definition of register 4676, 4682 and 8232.

Command: Operating hours		Modbus address: 4676		Length: 6	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Operating hours [h]	Operating hours above max measurement temperature [h]	Operating hours above max operating temperature [h]			
Format:	Float	Float	Float			
Value:	168.3667	0	0			

Figure 2.8.3.2: Example to read the total operating hours, the operating hours above the max measurement temperature and the operating hours above the max operating temperature.

Command: Power & watchdog		Modbus address: 4682		Length: 6	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Number of Power ups	Number of Watchdog resets	Number of Writing cycles to flash memory			
Format:	Decimal	Decimal	Decimal			
Value:	34	1	16			

Figure 2.8.3.3: Example to read the number of power ups, the number of watchdog resets and the number of writing cycles to flash memory.

Command: System Time		Modbus address: 8232		Length: 2	Type: 16	Write
Parameter:	System Time					
Format:	Decimal					
Value:	1334137383					

Figure 2.8.3.4: Example to write the system time into the Arc Module. On the basis of January 1st 1970, this value represents the 11th of April 2012 at 09:43:03.

Command: System Time		Modbus address: 8232		Length: 2	Type: 16	Read
Parameter:	System Time					
Format:	Decimal					
Value:	1334150836					

Figure 2.8.3.5: Example to read the system time into the Arc Module. On the basis of January 1st 1970, this value represents the 11th of April 2012 at 13:27:16.

Note:

Accuracy of the system time, if not updated by the operator: The deviation of the system time is less than one minute per 24h.

2.8.4 Warnings

A “Warning” is a notification message which still allows further functioning of the system. This message alerts the operator of a possible problem that could lead to uncertain results.

2.8.4.1 Currently Active Warnings

The currently active warnings are stored in register 4736.

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Reg5 / Reg6	Reg7 / Reg8	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
4736	8	Active warning measurement (bitwise defined)	Active warning calibration (bitwise defined)	Active warning interface (bitwise defined)	Active warning hardware (bitwise defined)	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.8.4.1.1: Definition of register 4736 (see chapter 2.8.4.3)

Command: Active warning		Modbus address: 4736		Length: 8	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	W Measurement	W Calibration	W Interface	W Hardware		
Format:	Hex	Hex	Hex	Hex		
Value:	0x00	0x00	0x00	0x00		

Figure 2.8.4.1.2: Example to read the currently active warnings.

2.8.4.2 History of Warnings

The history of warnings is not implemented in Arc Module.

2.8.4.3 Definition of Warnings

Bit #	Hex	Description
		not available

Figure 2.8.4.3.1: Definition of warnings “measurement”. None is defined.

Bit #	Hex	Description
0 (LSB)	0x0001	PMC1 (pH) calibration recommended
2	0x0008	Verify / Set calibration data

Figure 2.8.4.3.2: Definition of warnings “calibration”.

Bit #	Hex	Description
		not available

Figure 2.8.4.3.3: Definition of warnings “interface”. None is defined.

Bit #	Hex	Description
		not available

Figure 2.8.4.3.4: Definition of warnings “hardware”. None is defined.

2.8.5 Errors

An “Error” message indicates a serious problem of the Arc Module which does not allow further proper functioning. This problem must be solved.

2.8.5.1 Currently Active Errors

The currently active errors are stored in register 4800.

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Reg5 / Reg6	Reg7 / Reg8	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
4800	8	Active error measurement (bitwise defined)	Active error calibration (bitwise defined)	Active error interface (bitwise defined)	Active error hardware (bitwise defined)	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.8.5.1.1: Definition of register 4800 (see chapter 2.8.5.3)

Command: Active errors		Modbus address: 4800		Length: 8	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	E Measurement	E Calibration	E Interface	E Hardware		
Format:	Hex	Hex	Hex	Hex		
Value:	0x00	0x00	0x00	0x00		

Figure 2.8.5.1.2: Example to read the currently active Arc Module.

2.8.5.2 History of Errors

The history of errors is not implemented in Arc Module.

2.8.5.3 Definition of Errors

Bit #	Hex	Description
0	0x0000001	pH reading failure (this error occurs, when any other error is active)
		not available
5	0x0000020	Glass resistance too high
6	0x0000040	Glass resistance too low
		not available
25	0x2000000	Temperature sensor defective

Figure 2.8.5.3.1: Definition of errors "measurement".

Bit #	Hex	Description
0	0x0000001	Sensor missing
1	0x0000002	Sensor failure (Quality value < 15%)
2	0x0000004	Sensor not matching

Figure 2.8.5.3.2: Definition of errors "calibration".

Bit #	Hex	Description
		not available

Figure 2.8.5.3.3: Definition of errors "interface". None is defined.

Bit #	Hex	Description
		not available
24	0x1000000	Internal communication error (between front-end and user-end)

Figure 2.8.5.3.4: Definition of errors "hardware".

2.8.6 Reading the OneFerm pH Sensor's Quality Indicator

In register 4872 the OneFerm pH sensor's quality indicator (0-100%) is given.

The quality indicator is influenced by:

- Offset after Product Calibration (quality indicator set to 0-100%)
- Warning "Verify / Set Calibration Data" (sets immediately quality indicator to 30%)
- Errors (set immediately quality indicator to 0%)

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2 (Float)	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
4872	2	Quality [%]	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.8.6.1: Definition of register 4872.

Command: Quality indicator	Modbus address: 4872	Length: 2	Type: 3	Read
Parameter: Quality [%]				
Format: Float				
Value: 100				

Figure 2.8.6.2: Example to read the quality indicator.

2.9 Identification and Information

2.9.1 General Information

General information about the Arc Module is available as shown in the figure below.

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 to Reg8 (16 ASCII characters)	Example of content	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
1024	8	Userend FW Date	2015-09-04	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1032	8	Userend FW	EPHUM070	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1040	8	Userend BL Date	2009-09-18	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1048	8	Userend BL	BL4UX001	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1056	8	Userend Ref	242480/00	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1064	8	Userend SN	not available	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1072	8	Userend (space holder)	not available	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1080	8	Userend (space holder)	not available	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1088	8	Frontend FW Date	2009-09-16	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1096	8	Frontend FW	EPHFI010	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1104	8	Frontend BL Date	not available	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1112	8	Frontend BL	not available	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1120	8	Frontend Ref	242828/02	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1128	8	Frontend SN	not available	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1136	8	Frontend (space holder)	not available	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1144	8	Frontend (space holder)	not available	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.9.1.1: Definition of registers containing read-only Arc Module information.

Command: Userend Firmware		Modbus address: 1032	Length: 8	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Text				
Format:	Character				
Value:	EPHUM070				

Figure 2.9.1.2: Example to read register 1032.

2.9.2 Arc Module Identification

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 to Reg8 (16 ASCII characters)	Example of content	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
1152	8	Module Ref	243233/00	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1160	8	Module name	Arc Module SU pH	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1168	8	Module Lot	3214567	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1176	8	Module Lot date	2017-04-30	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1184	8	Module SN	0001001	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1192	8	Manufacturer part 1	HAMILTON Bonaduz	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1200	8	Manufacturer part 2	AG Switzerland	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1208	8	Module type	Arc e. pH Module	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1216	8	Power supply	007..030V 0150mW	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1224	8	Pressure range	not available	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1232	8	Module ID	243233-0001001	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1240	8	a-length	not available	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1248	8	(space holder)	not available	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1256	8	Electrical connection	VP 8.0	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1264	8	Process connection	not available	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1272	8	Sensing material	not available	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.9.2.1: Definition of registers containing Arc Module identification.

Command: Serial number		Modbus address: 1160		Length: 8	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Text					
Format:	Character					
Value:	Arc Module SU pH					

Figure 2.9.2.2: Example to read register 1160.

2.9.3 OneFerm pH Sensor Identification

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 to Reg8 (16 ASCII characters)	Example of content	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
1280	8	Sensor Ref	243235/00	3, 4	U/A/S	A/S
1288	8	Sensor name	OneFerm pH	3, 4	U/A/S	A/S
1296	8	Sensor Lot	3214567	3, 4	U/A/S	A/S
1304	8	Sensor Lot date	2017-04-30	3, 4	U/A/S	A/S
1312	8	Sensor SN	0001001	3, 4	U/A/S	A/S
1320	8	Manufacturer part 1	HAMILTON Bonaduz	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1328	8	Manufacturer part 2	AG Switzerland	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1336	8	Sensor type	Arc e. pH Sensor	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1344	8	Power supply	not available	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1352	8	Pressure range	0 ... 2 bar	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1360	8	Sensor ID	243235-0001001	3, 4	U/A/S	A/S
1368	8	a-length	70	3, 4	U/A/S	A/S
1376	8	(space holder)	not available	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1384	8	Electrical connection	VP 8.0	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1392	8	Process connection	PG 13.5	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1400	8	Sensing material	PHI-Glass	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.9.3.1: Definition of registers containing OneFerm pH sensor identification.

Command: Sensor name		Modbus address: 1288		Length: 8	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Text					
Format:	Character					
Value:	OneFerm pH					

Figure 2.9.3.2: Example to read register 1288.

Command: Serial number		Modbus address: 1312		Length: 8	Type: 4	Write
Parameter:	Text					
Format:	Character					
Value:	0001012					

Figure 2.9.3.3: Example to write register 1312.

2.9.4 Free User Memory Space

These registers can be used to store any customer specific information in the Arc Module. There are different registers which can be read by everybody, but only specific operators can write them.

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 to Reg8 (16 ASCII characters)	Example of content	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
1536	8	Free user space U/A/S	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	U/A/S
1544	8	Free user space U/A/S	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	U/A/S
1552	8	Free user space U/A/S	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	U/A/S
1560	8	Free user space U/A/S	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	U/A/S
1568	8	Free user space A/S	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	A/S
1576	8	Free user space A/S	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	A/S
1584	8	Free user space A/S	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	A/S
1592	8	Free user space A/S	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	A/S
1600	8	Measuring point	243233-0001001	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	A/S
1608	8	Free user space S	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	S
1616	8	Free user space S	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	S
1624	8	Free user space S	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	S
1632	8	Free user space others	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1640	8	Free user space others	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1648	8	Free user space others	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1656	8	Free user space others	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1664	8	Free user space others	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1672	8	Free user space others	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1680	8	Free user space others	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1688	8	Free user space others	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1696	8	Free user space others	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1704	8	Free user space others	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1712	8	Free user space others	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1720	8	Free user space others	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1728	8	Free user space others	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1736	8	Free user space others	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1744	8	Free user space others	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1752	8	Free user space others	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.9.4.1: Definition of registers containing user information.

An important register is 1600, as it is the description of the measuring point. Among other information, this register identifies individual Arc Modules displayed on the Arc Air App.



Attention:

The Free User Memory Space is located in a memory, which allows in total max 10'000 write operations.

Command: Info user		Modbus address: 1568	Length: 8	Type: 16	Write
Parameter:	Text				
Format:	Character				
Value:	Hello World				

Figure 2.9.4.2: Example to write 16 ASCII characters to register 1568 with operator A or S.

Command: Info user		Modbus address: 1568	Length: 8	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Text				
Format:	Character				
Value:	Hello World				

Figure 2.9.4.3: Example to read the register 1568 (written in Figure 2.9.4.1).

2.10 System Commands

2.10.1 Recall Arc Module's Factory Settings

Using register 8192 you can recall the Arc Module's manufacturer values (interfaces, calibration data and passwords). By sending the recall value "911", all configuration values will be set to default.

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
8192	2	Recall by value 911	16	none	S

Figure 2.10.1.1: Definition of register 8192.

Command: Recall		Modbus address: 8192	Length: 2	Type: 16	Write
Parameter:	Recall				
Format:	Decimal				
Value:	911				

Figure 2.10.1.2: Example to write the restore command.

3 Abbreviations

AO	Analog Output Interface
CP	Calibration Point
ECS	Electrochemical Sensor Interface
PMC	Primary Measurement Channel
SMC	Secondary Measurement Channel
SU	Single Use



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